

Study program	Level of the study program		Second cycle	
	Study program name		Physics Education	
Course name	COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS II			
Course ID	Semester	Course status	ECTS credits	L+E
PCS8612	II	MANDATORY	6	2+2
Lecturer				
Aims and intended learning outcomes	The aim of this course is to introduce students to basic numerical methods and equip them for the practical application of computers in modeling and analyzing physical systems and processes. It is expected that students will gain a fundamental understanding of numerical methods, apply them to solve complex physical problems, and develop skills in critical thinking and analytical approaches in this context. The expectation is that the acquired knowledge will serve as a foundation for further academic advancement and research in the field of physics.			
Course content				
Introduction. Sets, vectors, matrices, and linear transformations. Solving systems of linear equations. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. QR method. Least squares method. Interpolation. Solving transcendental equations. Numerical differentiation. Numerical integration. Ordinary Differential Equations (ODE) - initial value problems. ODE - boundary value problems. Fourier transformations. Fast Fourier Transform (FFT). Data processing and analysis. Machine learning.				
Student workload (hours)		Grading		
Lectures and Exercises	75	Assessment method	Points	
Exam preparation	70	Test I	50	
Written assignments	0	Test II	50	
Other	5			
Total	150			
		Ukupno	100	
Literature				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kong, Qingkai, Timmy Siau, and Alexandre Bayen. <i>Python programming and numerical methods: A guide for engineers and scientists</i>. Academic Press, 2020. 2. Johansson, Robert. <i>Numerical Python: Scientific Computing and Data Science Applications with Numpy, SciPy and Matplotlib</i>, Apress, Berkeley, CA, 2019. 3. Landau, Rubin H., Manuel J. Páez, and Cristian C. Bordeianu. <i>Computational physics: Problem solving with Python</i>. John Wiley & Sons, 2015. 				
Remarks				
To pass the exam, a minimum score of 55% is required on each type of assessment. The exams are practical in nature, involving the solution of specific physics problems using a computer.				