

Program	Level of studies		Second cycle	
	Program name		Physics	
Course name	PHYSICS IN DIAGNOSTIC RADIOLOGY			
Course ID	Semester	Course status	ECTS credits	L+E
PAP9611	II	ELECTIVE	6	2+2
Lecturer	Doc. dr. Adnan Beganović			
Aims and intended learning outcomes	<p>Aim: to provide students with detailed theoretical and practical knowledge of physics in modern diagnostic radiology and to prepare students for independent work as medical physicists.</p> <p>Outcomes: master and understand the modern methods and techniques used in clinical diagnostic radiology and apply them in everyday medical practice</p>			
Course content				
<p>1. Physics in Diagnostic Radiology: Introduction; The Physical Basis of Diagnostic Radiology and Terminology; Exercises.</p> <p>2. X-ray radiation devices in diagnostic radiology: Conventional X-ray tube; Source of electrons; Rectifiers; Structure of anodes and cathode; Diagnostic X-ray characteristics; X-radiation spectra; Interaction of anode electrons; Characteristic radiation; Bremsstrahlung; Angular distribution of x-rays; Large and small focus; Exercises.</p> <p>3. Detectors in diagnostic radiology: X-ray film; Silver bromide; Exposure to x-radiation; Developing the film and effects in the film caused by the interaction with the developer; X-ray film features; Optical density; H-D curve; Intensifiers and Fluorescent Screens: Fluorescence Mechanism; Electronic traps; Luminescent materials; Grid; Screens; Screen thickness; Display production materials; Sharpness of the picture; Improper images; Fluoroscopic screens; Digital detectors; Computed Radiography and Direct Digital Radiography; Exercises.</p> <p>4. Diagnostic radiology modalities: Radiography; Patient dosimetry in radiography; Skin entrance dose; Radiation output; Fluoroscopy; Patient dosimetry in fluoroscopy; Air KERMA–area product; Tomography; Computed tomography; Patient dosimetry in computed tomography; Computed tomography Air KERMA index; Mammography; Patient dosimetry in mammography; Mean glandular dose; Digital subtraction angiography; Ultrasound; Nuclear magnetic resonance; Spectroscopy in Magnetic Resonance; Exercises.</p> <p>5; Image viewing devices: Monitors in diagnostic radiology; Lightboxes.</p>				
Student workload (hours)		Grading		
Lectures and Exercises	60	Assessment method	Points	
Exam preparation	80	Midterm	45	
Other	10	Final	45	
Total	150	Activity	10	
		Total	100	
Literature				
<p>1. Dance DR, Christofides S, Maidment ADA, McLean ID, Ng KH, editors. Diagnostic Radiology Physics: A Handbook for Teachers and Students. Vienna, Austria: IAEA; 2014.</p> <p>2. Pdgoršak EB, editor. Review of Radiation Oncology Physics: A Handbook for Teachers and Students. Vienna, Austria: IAEA; 2005.</p> <p>3. Bailey DL, Humm JL, Todd-Pokropek A, van Aswegen A, editors. Nuclear Medicine Physics: A Handbook for Teachers and Students. Vienna, Austria: IAEA; 2014.</p> <p>4. Johns HE, Cunningham JR. The Physics of Radiology. 4th ed. Springfield, IL: Charles C Thomas; 1983.</p>				
Remarks				
Exercises are performed at the Clinical Centre of Sarajevo University.				